



RIMROCK

CAPITAL MANAGEMENT, LLC

SUSTAINABILITY POLICIES

Q2 2026



INTRODUCTION TO SUSTAINABILITY

Rimrock Capital Management, LLC (“Rimrock”) is committed to socially responsible investing and understands that environmental, social and governance (“Sustainability”) issues can materially and directly impact investment performance. Accordingly, Rimrock has adopted these Sustainability policies (the “Policies”) to promulgate and describe its policies and procedures.



DEFINITIONS

- “Human Rights” are basic rights and freedoms that are considered fundamental and universal to all people. These rights are enumerated in a variety of United Nations documents and include freedom from arbitrary arrest, torture and other cruel, inhuman, or degrading treatment or punishment; freedom from slavery and forced labor; the rights to seek justice and receive a fair trial; equal treatment under the law; no punishment without law; freedom of thought, religion, and expression; right to privacy; right to marry and have a family, freedom of assembly and association; and equality and non-discrimination. Rights to own property, to education, adequate housing, access to medical care, and social security are also generally included.
- “Climate Change,” according to the United Nations, refers to long-term shifts in the Earth’s temperatures and weather patterns. Since the 1800s, human activities have been the main driver of climate change, primarily due to burning fossil fuels such as coal, oil, and natural gas. Burning fossil fuels generates greenhouse gas emissions, such as carbon dioxide, nitrous oxide, and methane, that trap the sun’s heat and raise temperatures. Greenhouse gas emissions primarily come from industrial use, transportation, buildings, agriculture, clearing of land and forests, and from landfills.
- “Sustainability” presumes that resources are finite and should be used conservatively and wisely with a view to long-term priorities and consequences of the ways in which those resources are used. In other words, sustainability is about the world we leave to future generations. Sustainability is often focused on environmental sustainability, entailing responsible use of natural resources, reducing waste and pollution, and conserving biodiversity. Sustainability interpreted broadly, also includes social sustainability, which focuses on promoting equitable and inclusive communities that support the well-being of all individuals. Economic sustainability revolves around creating a resilient and flourishing economy that serves both present and future generations. Good governance promotes accountability, transparency, efficiency and rule of law and allows efficient management of human, natural economic and financial resources.



DEFINITIONS (CONT.)

- “Integration” means including Sustainability factors in investment analysis and decisions, to enhance risk adjusted returns.
- “Impact Investing” refers to investing with a deliberate intention to contribute to a specific environmental or social outcome.
- “Stewardship” refers to the responsible allocation, management, and oversight of invested capital to create long term value for clients and beneficiaries. Stewardship includes, but is not limited to, proxy voting and engagement.
- “Sustainable Account” refers to a separately managed account for which Rimrock has accepted reasonable Sustainability-related restrictions, such as explicit exclusions from securities holdings, as part of the account’s investment guidelines.

Consistency with Fiduciary Obligations

Rimrock is an investment fiduciary to its clients and that fiduciary duty is always paramount. Rimrock seeks to assess Sustainability issues as part of its investment process, in a manner consistent with Rimrock's fiduciary obligations and the need to act in the best financial interest of clients and investors. Rimrock must seek to maximize client investment returns over the long term in its investment process.

Scope of the Policy

Rimrock directly manages all investments and does not use any external investment advisers or sub-advisers. This Policy applies to all of Rimrock's fixed income clients, accounts, funds, and assets under management. This Policy also applies to a broad variety of fixed income investments for clients, including sovereign, credit, structured product, and similar investments.

Political Activities/Contributions

Rimrock's Sustainability approach is not intended to promote or support any political agenda or issue. Rimrock employees are prohibited from using this Policy to promote their own personal political views or any partisan or ideological goals.

Rimrock and its employees are subject to U.S. regulations that significantly limit their political contributions and related political activities. Rimrock's policies and procedures on political activities and contributions, contained in its Code of Ethics, are incorporated herein by reference.

Sustainability Committee

Rimrock has formed and shall maintain a Sustainability Committee. The Committee consists of representatives of Rimrock's Legal and Compliance, Investor Relations, Portfolio Management, and Operations teams. Rimrock's General Counsel and CCO serves as the Chairman of the Committee. The Committee maintains and seeks to enhance the effectiveness of Rimrock's Sustainability Policies. The Committee shall also report, at least annually, on a calendar year basis, on Rimrock Sustainability activities and progress towards implementing these Sustainability Policies.



GENERAL SUSTAINABILITY APPROACH



Integration in the Rimrock Investment Process

Rimrock follows the investment industry-standard approach to Sustainability identified by the Principles as “Integration.”

Integration means including Sustainability factors in investment analysis and decisions, to enhance risk adjusted returns. Rimrock does not use formal Sustainability “screens,” “filters,” or third-party ratings to identify or rule issuers out of contention for investment. Nor does Rimrock invest with a deliberate intention to contribute to a specific environmental or social outcome (generally referred to as “impact investing”). Instead, Rimrock’s approach integrates and incorporates Sustainability factors into its holistic investment process.

INCORPORATION OF SUSTAINABILITY IN RIMROCK'S FIXED INCOME INVESTMENT PROCESS

STEWARDSHIP

PROXY VOTING

Sustainability issues should always be considered when analyzing the potential returns of a prospective or existing investment. Rimrock believes that long-term investment returns will be enhanced if it is aware of, and can potentially seek to manage, Sustainability risks. Sustainability-related analysis should give a more complete picture of the risks and opportunities faced by a securities issuer. This section outlines how Rimrock incorporates these factors into its regular, ongoing investment processes.

When evaluating an investment, Rimrock's portfolio managers and analysts generally seek to (a) identify Sustainability factors that may materially influence the investment, (b) evaluate the significance of, and risks that may arise out of, any identified Sustainability factors, (c) contemplate the potential benefits and costs of possible efforts to remediate Sustainability issues, and (d) assess Rimrock's ability, if any, to influence change. Based on that evaluation, Rimrock may seek to avoid an investment or to accept or address the Sustainability factors connected with an investment.

"Stewardship" refers to the responsible allocation, management, and oversight of invested capital to create long term value for clients and beneficiaries. Stewardship includes, but is not limited to, proxy voting and engagement, discussed in more detail below. Rimrock is committed to promoting stewardship and seeks to be a good steward of client and investor capital.

Rimrock's Proxy Voting Policy, contained in its Policies and Procedures Manual, is incorporated herein by reference. Investments in fixed income instruments generally do not confer voting rights. It is Rimrock's policy to vote proxies of portfolio securities in the best economic interests of clients. Sustainability factors may be considered among other factors in the context of making such decisions. When a client security conferring a voting right is loaned to a counterparty, as in a reverse repurchase agreement, Rimrock should nevertheless seek to exercise its voting right through the counterparty.



ENGAGEMENT

Rimrock may communicate with issuers, where appropriate, on the financial, reputational, ethical and other ramifications of Sustainability issues. However, Rimrock, as a fixed income investment manager, typically has much less ability to influence Sustainability issues at companies than would a manager engaged in managing public or private equity, who is an “owner” of the company. A holder of a bond or loan has a contractual, debt relationship with the issuer, not a relationship of ownership or control. Most bonds or loan contracts give the loan or bondholder limited, if any, influence over an issuer’s management except in cases of material default or bankruptcy.

Thus, Rimrock, as agent for clients holding bonds or loans, generally has limited influence on Sustainability factors. In connection with sovereign fixed income investments (e.g., U.S. Treasuries), Rimrock will, in fact, have very limited, if any, ability to influence the issuer and/or government officials. In the context of corporate issuers, Rimrock may also have such a small stake in the issuer’s securities as to be unable to exert any influence on issuer decision-making. On the other hand, with some smaller issuers, a bondholder such as Rimrock may have some ability to influence issuer behavior and operations. Where Rimrock becomes an equity owner or otherwise gains control of an issuer, Rimrock has greater ability to directly and affirmatively address Sustainability matters. In addition, because Rimrock’s investment focus is on providing investors with the best possible risk-adjusted investment returns, it may make or maintain investments despite material Sustainability issues if it deems it appropriate and in the clients’ best financial interests.

CONFLICT MITIGATION OR MANAGEMENT

Rimrock and its employees must place clients' interests ahead of our own in undertaking Sustainability and stewardship-related activities. If Rimrock identifies any actual or potential conflicts of interest in connection with the operation of this Policy, the matter will be escalated to the Sustainability Committee for review and determination.

SPECIFIC SUSTAINABILITY GUIDELINES

When evaluating a prospective or existing investment, Rimrock Portfolio Managers and Analysts should perform a broad, general assessment of the investment's Sustainability factors.

This assessment is not expected to involve a formal process or documentation, but rather a general review of factors that may be relevant to Sustainability risk. Investment professionals should use their best judgment in identifying Sustainability issues, based on available information and research. For example, Sustainability risks may be identified based on an issuer's industry and geographic location of operations. Investment professionals should feel free, when appropriate, to consult with colleagues, Rimrock's General Counsel, and/or outside experts when they have Sustainability questions or concerns. The following sets out a non-exclusive list of potential Sustainability factors for consideration.

ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES

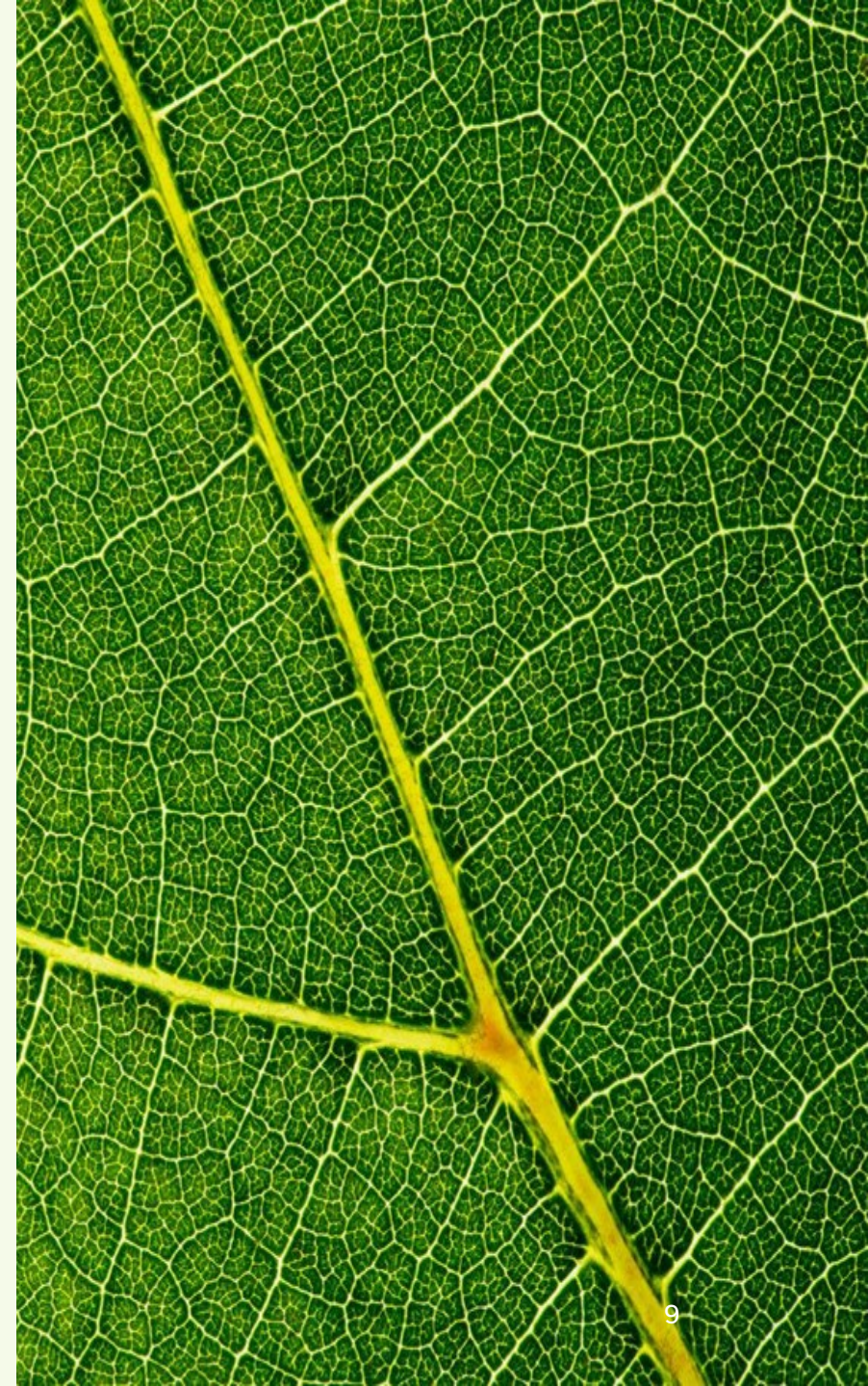
These issues include an issuer's activities and operations with respect to emissions and climate change, waste generation and mitigation practices, utilization of renewable fuels, commitment to resource conservation and sustainability, energy efficiency and chemical safety. Integration of environmental and sustainability risks can take place during both the bottom-up analysis or issuers and the top-down analysis of cyclical and secular trends.

SOCIAL ISSUES

These issues include an issuer's activities and operations with respect to bribery, improper political contributions, money laundering, equal employment and labor laws (including child labor, debt bondage, and other forms of modern slavery), fair compensation, worker health and safety (including access to safe drinking water, sanitation, and hygiene), human rights abuses and combat weapons.

GOVERNANCE ISSUES

These issues include an issuer's activities and operations with respect to investor and public transparency, internal controls, risk management, executive compensation, shareholder rights, accounting practices, independent oversight, conflicts of interest and legal and regulatory compliance.





ADDITIONAL DUE DILIGENCE

Additional Sustainability due diligence on an investment may be required after the general assessment where Sustainability factors in an investment are material.

Material Sustainability risk observed in a current or potential investment should trigger further due diligence. Low risk investments should not require much, if any, Sustainability due diligence. Sustainability due diligence for medium risk and high risk investments should be adjusted to the level of perceived risk and should also reflect the nature of the proposed investment. For example, if the company is listed on a U.S. securities exchange, it will likely be sufficient to review the relevant disclosures in the company's public filings. If the company is private, more extensive Sustainability diligence may be warranted. The scope of Rimrock's inquiry should be adjusted to the particular circumstances of the investment. Rimrock should generally expect to undertake more due diligence when it is expected to become a controlling investor than when it plans to simply acquire a modest percentage of a company's bonds, bank debt or other debt securities, such as warrants. Since Rimrock's primary responsibility is to seek to maximize investment returns of our clients, Sustainability due diligence should always be tailored with that goal in mind.

a. Environmental Issues. Additional due diligence could include conducting environmental site assessments on potential real estate holdings or engaging consultants to review particular environmental issues, such as manufacturing operations or emissions taxes.

b. Social Issues. Additional due diligence could include identifying where the issuer's operations and customers are located. Certain countries are at greater risk for bribery, money laundering or illegal child labor, or may be subject to U.S. sanctions that would prohibit or restrict clients from doing business in that jurisdiction. When appropriate, legal counsel or other experts may be engaged to review legal or regulatory proceedings, to ensure that the company maintains adequate health and safety safeguards, to ensure compliance with other applicable laws and regulations, or to confirm that the company engages in appropriate employment practices.

c. Governance Issues. Additional due diligence could involve using attorneys to review organizational documents or accounting firms to review financial data.

Portfolio Managers and Analysts should factor the results of their Sustainability due diligence into their investment decisions.

Results of Rimrock Sustainability due diligence may lead to a decision to avoid the potential investment because identified Sustainability risks materially and negatively impact the investment's anticipated returns. For example, an identified environmental liability or pending regulatory investigation may create an unacceptable risk of loss. In addition, due diligence may reveal unacceptable legal or reputational risk, such as unacceptable employment practices or relationships with governments subject to OFAC sanctions. Conversely, where an investment professional concludes that Sustainability factors are more favorable or manageable than may be perceived by the market, or the company is making significant Sustainability improvements, Rimrock may decide to invest or reinvest based in part on that assessment.

Assuming there is no material Sustainability-related reason not to make an investment, the Portfolio Manager or Analyst should nevertheless seek to address any identified Sustainability issues to the extent practical. In the case of a company where Rimrock exercises control, this may take the form of contractual representations, warranties, covenants, and indemnities.

Sustainability improvements should be instituted for appropriate investments to the extent necessary and consistent with long-term investment goals, and Portfolio Managers and Analysts should continue to monitor investments for Sustainability issues.

The level of Sustainability activity after an investment is made should be determined by the level of Sustainability risk assessed previously or at the time of initial investment. For high and medium risk investments, if Sustainability improvements are warranted and can be effected, Rimrock should seek to influence management's ESG behavior through dialogue. In cases where Rimrock exercises control over management, it will have a greater ability to influence Sustainability-related decisions.

To the extent Rimrock has influence, investment professionals should seek to encourage management to develop an action plan to address identified Sustainability issues, if any, with appropriate goals for improvement. Investment professionals should monitor the companies they cover as appropriate for progress on Sustainability issues.

A number of issuer governance-related matters are separately addressed by Rimrock's proxy voting policies and procedures, which are included in its Policies and Procedures Manual. A copy of those policies and procedures are available upon request. Rimrock Portfolio Managers and Analysts should follow those guidelines when applicable with respect to any issue identified therein.

SEPARATELY MANAGED ACCOUNTS

Rimrock from time to time may accept and manage certain institutional separately managed accounts that have explicit Sustainability-related exclusions from securities holdings. For example, a client may ask Rimrock not to invest funds in securities of certain companies that produce and sell tobacco products or that engage in coal mining. Rimrock may accept reasonable Sustainability restrictions as part of the investment guidelines for such an account (a “Sustainable Account”), particularly where the client periodically provides a list of excluded issuers to Rimrock. If Rimrock accepts Sustainability-related guidelines for a separate account, it must comply with those investment guidelines. The Rimrock Compliance team will monitor compliance with all investment guidelines for Sustainable Accounts.

OTHER POLICIES



These Policies are focused on Rimrock’s investment processes. They do not cover internal environmental, social, or governance issues at Rimrock itself. Those issues are addressed separately, in a variety of other documents, including but not limited to the Rimrock Compliance Policies and Procedures Manual (including the Code of Ethics) and the Rimrock Employee Handbook. As examples, Rimrock maintains separate policies on health and worker safety and hygiene, diversity, privacy, sustainability, recordkeeping, internal controls, conflicts of interest, bribery and corruption, and philanthropy.

UN PRINCIPLES OF RESPONSIBLE INVESTING



Rimrock is a signatory to the United Nations Principles of Responsible Investing (the “Principles”). The Principles are as follows:

- 1: We will incorporate Sustainability issues into investment analysis and decision-making processes.
- 2: We will be active owners and incorporate Sustainability issues into our ownership policies and practices.
- 3: We will seek appropriate disclosure on Sustainability issues by the entities in which we invest.
- 4: We will promote acceptance and implementation of the Principles within the investment industry.
- 5: We will work together to enhance our effectiveness in implementing the Principles.
- 6: We will report on our activities and progress towards implementing the Principles.

The Principles are a voluntary and aspirational set of investment principles that offer a menu of possible actions for incorporating Sustainability into investment practice. Currently there are over 3,000 signatories, with collective assets under management exceeding \$100 trillion. Rimrock will comply with these aspirational principles in carrying out its investment management business.

Rimrock will, through the Sustainability Committee, seek to promote acceptance and implementation of the Principles in the investment industry. The Sustainability Committee will also report, at least annually, on Rimrock’s progress in implementing the Principles.



E.U. Disclosure

Certain of Rimrock's funds are subject to the E.U. Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation since they are marketed under at least one national private placement regime under Article 42 of the Alternative Investment Fund Managers Directive. Rimrock funds are not promoted as ESG or sustainable products. However, Rimrock's policy is to consider Sustainability issues when analyzing the potential returns of a prospective or existing investment for the funds. Rimrock believes that long term investment returns will be enhanced if it is aware of, and can potentially seek to manage, Sustainability risks.

Sustainability Reporting

Rimrock will report on its sustainability program and policy to the UN PRI organization as required by the Principles.

Policy Review

This Policy will be periodically reviewed and updated from time to time by the Sustainability Committee.

Availability and Disclosure to Investors

This Policy is available upon request from any existing investor, prospective investor, consultant, adviser, or any member of the public.